

WEEKLY EPITAPH.

Six-Page Edition.

TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA, FEBRUARY 12, 1882.

This Page is from the Daily of Thursday, Feb. 9.

PROMPT ACTION.

The time has arrived when the business men of Tombstone and the owners of large mining interests should promptly unite in furnishing the necessary funds to carry on a short and vigorous campaign against renegade Indians that are lurking in the fastnesses of the Dragons and perhaps the Chiricahuas. Whether these are Indians who have recently left San Carlos, or a portion of the band that left the reservation last fall and are skulking back, cannot be determined. The experience of recent campaigns is too fresh in the minds of the citizens of Cochise county to allow them to believe that any vigorous action will be taken by the military. To equip and maintain in the field for a period of ninety days a company of twenty-five scouts, independent of pay for their services, would probably require \$15,000. If our moneyed men will advance this amount for such a purpose there is no doubt the next legislature would reimburse them, and if they will do it Capt. M. Gray will at once get up a company of men of experience who will wait until legislative action can be taken to receive their pay. Mr. Tribolet has volunteered \$1,000 toward the movement; who will be the next? The purse should be made up at once and these renegades exterminated.

Mr. BLAINE's position as candidate for the next presidency is now pretty clearly defined. He is, in the first place, Garfield's political heir. In the second place, he is the champion of national supremacy in this hemisphere, and in the third place, he is the Christian and high-toned apostle of international peace. He thinks these are pretty good cards, and though he has nominally retired to private life, he will play them for all they are worth. His address to President Arthur, published Saturday morning, is an indication that he proposes to keep himself before the people. Mr. Blaine will in all probability be continually heard from at suitable intervals until the next republican convention, unless he previously learns the hopelessness of his cause, which he is not likely to discover, as that is the last thing that the candidates for the presidency ever find out.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat was the only paper in the country to receive by telegraph from Washington a full report of the three days' speech of Judge Porter. The Western Union Telegraph company forwarded 100,000 words from Washington on the night of January 25, of which 31,029 went to the Globe-Democrat, or a greater proportion than any other newspaper in the country, and more than the Associated Press.

New Quartz Crusher.
Allen Oliver, Forest Hill, Placer Co., in this state, has patented, through the Mining and Scientific Press patent agency, an improvement in quartz crushers in which a reciprocating rolling weight is fitted to oscillate upon a bed or mortar into which the material to be crushed is fed. This device consists in an improved means for producing the reciprocating rolling motion of the segmental crushers and in keeping them in place, so that they do not slip in the mortars, while they are allowed to rise and fall as the material beneath them increases and diminishes. This is effected by a series of connecting rods which produce a parallel motion, these rods passing through holes on guides which move vertically in the closed mortar box, so as to keep a tight while allowing the rods to go up and down in their oscillations.

Mortar Beds of the Apparatus.
The mortar beds of the apparatus supported on a strong frame or stand and there are as many as may be desired, placed side by side and loaded with any suitable feeding material. Within these mortars, the segmental crushing weights are fitted so that their rims or crushing faces will rest upon the bed. These segments may be united so as to stand side by side, each segment standing in its own mortar, and a shaft passing through their upper ends, extending out upon each side so as to receive the ends of the pitman or connecting rods by which the segments are caused to roll or oscillate. An arm of plate extends downward from this shaft, upon each side, to a point above the level of the mortar bed on the bottom of the segments, and rods extend back from pins on these arms.

A system of rods and connections is formed so as to form a parallel motion for the segments, and also to fall to accommodate the amount of material without interfering with their motion. Mining and Scientific Press.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Waits from Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Romero is expected to arrive next week from Mexico. The understanding is that he is to be merely a temporary representative of Mexico at this capital, and that Marescal will be eventually appointed to the position.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—In the house, Kasson, from the committee on ways and means, reported the tariff commission bill. Referred to the committee of the whole.

The democrats in congress will oppose the tariff commission bill, as a subterfuge to perpetuate protection. They will try and unite the party on this issue. There is a great deal of talk on this subject now.

Indications point very clearly to a rejection of the apportionment bill in the house. The New York republicans and most of the democrats oppose it. Page says it is grounded on injustice and will be badly beaten. Substitutes will be offered, fixing the membership at 321, or at the present figures, 273. The democrats favor the latter; many think 307 will be finally adopted.

Guileless Law-Spirited.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Guileau is becoming very much depressed. The jail warden says he no longer assumes the confident air which he always has had, except in the presence of newspaper people. He is to be cut off from all outside communications, and that fact depresses him very much.

Regulating Presidential Elections.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The house committee on the law regulating the election of president and vice-president, held a meeting to-day, and decided to invite David Dudley Field to give his views upon the subject, the meeting to be held Saturday. It is believed the committee will report a bill in the house during the present session providing for the arbitration of all disputed questions arising from the election of president and vice-president by the United States courts, with rights of appeal to the Supreme court.

The Coinage Commission.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 8.—The annual session of the assay commission appointed by the president opened at the mint this morning. The members of the commission who were present were: Judge Butler, Senator Allison, General Rosecranz, Representative Fisher and Belford, General Geo. W. Childs, Prof. Chas. E. Munroe, of the naval academy, Prof. J. E. Hilgard, of the United States coast survey, Thos. Donaldson, Provost Pepper of the University of Pennsylvania, Hon. John Jay Knox, comptroller of the currency, Doctor William P. Lowger, assayer, and Eckfeldt, clerk of the mint bureau. The commission organized by electing Judge Butler chairman and Eckfeldt secretary, and was then divided by the chairman into two committees, one on assay and one on weighing. General Rosecranz was appointed chairman of the assay committee, and Prof. Hilgard of the weighing committee. A committee was also appointed to test the fineness and weight of the products of the United States mints for 1881, and the result of their labors will be embodied in the report.

The Defeated Brulster.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 8.—Ryan is here, suffering considerably, but will be all right in a day or two.

Beating the Law.

St. Louis, Feb. 8.—Chas. Miller, sentenced to be hanged on the 10th of March, suicided in his cell at Benton, by hanging.

Dastardly Deed.

DENVER, Feb. 8.—The Tribune's Georgetown special: Last night Peter Chalero and Dominique Massey were injured by an explosion of giant powder in a cook stove, placed there maliciously. Both men will probably die.

Mormon Missionaries.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Feb. 8.—Mormon missionaries are hard at work in Union county, east Tennessee, and have secured a number of converts, including some negroes. The community is very much worked up against them, and there are open threats of lynching.

Mysterious Discovery.

LAWRENCEVILLE, Ills., Feb. 8.—A colored man reached town yesterday afternoon, breathless with fright and excitement, and stated he had found three dead bodies in the woods seven miles above here. All the men were lying face down; the bodies were decomposed and unrecognizable. A posse of citizens immediately left for the place.

A Big Assessment.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The Commercial Advertiser says: The Mariposa Land and Mining Company has levied an assessment of

aggregating \$75,000, payable immediately in San Francisco and New York. This is one of the largest assessments ever levied, and is, no doubt, to be used mainly to pay the judgment obtained by Joseph A. Donohoe against the estate. It is said a syndicate is being organized here to buy in all the stock delinquent under this assessment.

The Crows Getting Uneasy.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 8.—Dispatches have been sent by General Terry to Col. Yapple, at Fort Custer, directing the removal from the Crow reservation of the men engaged in getting out railroad ties. The Crows are so uneasy at the presence of these lawless foragers that rebellion against them is threatened. As the Crows have many rich lands and mineral deposits, efforts will be made in the spring to drive them off.

Barley Booming.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—Barley booming; feed \$1.80; brewing \$1.85 and \$1.95; Chevalier, \$1.80 and \$1.82.

The Northern Pacific to Favor the Wheat Growers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Henry Villard is of the opinion that the wheat raisers of the Northwest are in the mercy of the merchants. He is desirous of favoring the development of the wheat-growing regions of the belt of country through which the Northern Pacific passes. He has engaged the services of Geo. B. Maltby, engineer and builder, to go over the entire route of said road, with the view of deciding what is best to be done to facilitate the handling and transportation of wheat. The result will probably be the establishment at every station along the road of small elevators. This is the system that prevails throughout Iowa, Nebraska, and other western states.

The Call System.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—At a meeting of the Produce Exchange a report of the call committee was submitted; a committee of seven was appointed to make rules for the conduct of business, and the board of directors asked to establish standards of produce.

A minority report by Horace Davis and E. M. McNear, opposing the call system, as tending to introduce the gambling feature in the grain trade, was rejected.

Tammany Still Kicking.

ALBANY, Feb. 8.—The Tammany assemblymen withdrew from the democratic caucus to-night. The caucus nominated a full line of officers of the house, which cannot be elected without the aid of Tammany.

The Hawaiian Treaty.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The board of trade and transportation, recognizing the so-called reciprocity treaty with the Sandwich Islands as detrimental to the public welfare, approves the measures introduced in congress for its abrogation.

Monte Cristo District.

The new mining district, fifty-five miles northwest from Silver City, called the Monte Cristo district, discovered last summer by prospectors, is growing in importance. There are at least twenty-five mine owners, and all are working their properties. Flint and Learned have sunk fifty feet on the At Last and Unmatched mines. The ores are black and red oxides of copper with some carbonate of copper, ranging from forty to sixty per cent copper, with from \$15 to \$20 in gold. They are also working a ledge of free milling gold ore measuring about thirty-three feet in width, with four locations on the ledge, having 3200 feet of ore showing on the surface. The average by close sampling from a cross-cut tunnel of this ore is \$50 in gold. In one block of ore at the present workings, there is in sight 12,000 tons of ore of the above average, three sides of which can be measured. The property of Goodman, Deming and Shirk is a gold-bearing quartz ledge, traceable for from two to three miles, the tests from which yield from \$50 to \$75 gold. The camp is entirely within the limits of Grant county, New Mexico.—New Southwest.

Oro Blanco.

Mr. Thomas Durand is in from Oro Blanco. From him we learn that another strike has been made in the Warsaw, on the 110 level. The ledge is four feet between walls. There is a streak of two feet of black sulphurets and wire silver. This is the richest strike ever made in the district; in fact the present body of ore in richness cannot probably be surpassed in the territory. There are about twenty men working in the mine.

The Crocumb and Tonkins mine is developing finely. This is a gold mine, about two miles from Warsaw. The ore shows up free gold.

The Our Lizzie group of mines, recently sold to an eastern company, is being worked, and is very promising.

Word from the Sombrettillo mines says that a 10 stamp mill is being erected, and the company is prospecting for water.

LETTER FROM SONORA.

Interesting Items from Over the Line Relative to Mines and Indians.

Special Correspondence.

CUMPAZ, Sonora, Mexico, January 30, 1882.

Since my last letter—forwarded you by L. Jackson, Esq., from this place—General Atero, with several companies of the Sixth Battalion of the line, left Oposura for Sauharipa, where the federal and state troops are being concentrated to enter and scour the mountains after the renegade Apaches. Some days since an exploring party left the general's camp and found the Indians camped in an almost impenetrable mountain named the Hespinaza del Diablo, about two days' travel south of Mulatos. From this point the Indians have made several raids on the settlements, stealing a large amount of stock. From the hacienda of Don Polecarpio Moreno, about one league south of Los Granados, they run off at one haul 139 head of horses, mares and mules. After this robbery the prefecto left a strong detachment of Nationals to guard this hacienda, and, as they were doing so, had their horses grazing in the same caber where the Indians a few days before made their big haul, when the redskins made a dash to run off the soldiers' horses, but the guard made a stout resistance and beat the Indians off, not letting them get away with a single animal. From this point the Indians crossed over the mountain range dividing the Yaqui and Oposura rivers, and got near this place, where they stole from 18 to 20 head of animals, and from here struck for the direction of the Sierra Colorado, on the road between Campus and Bacuachi, where they attacked four Mexicans returning from Charleston with dry goods, who fortunately escaped with their lives, only one of their number receiving slight wounds, losing, however, all their animals, and goods. One of the party escaped by hiding himself in the very midst of the Indians, and enjoyed the sight of seeing them divide his goods amongst themselves. This band of Indians consisted of 30 or 40, and the Mexican positively says there are two renegade whites with them, as he saw them plainly while they were conversing together in the English language. As soon as the news reached Campus of these men being attacked, Captain Abram Quijada immediately raised a company of 30 men and started for the Sierra Colorado, where he still found the Indians and exchanged some shots with them, but his men being very poorly armed and short of ammunition, he fortified himself and sent a courier to Campus asking for reinforcements, and immediately twenty-five more men were sent out to his assistance, but before they arrived the Indians had left their trail striking in the direction of the puerta de Batamate to enter the Nacocari canyon, some four leagues to the north of Cutler's camp. Our impression here is that this band of Indians are bearing for the Lerex mountains, and that the troops under General Otero probably have had a fight and dislodged all the Indians from their stronghold at the Hespinaza del Diablo, and that the main band of Indians are traveling with their families and stock by some other way to reach this same point. It may be, however, that the Indians discovered the troops or had knowledge of the general's plans.

The Lerex mountains lay between Fronteras and Barispe, and it would be well for your people living along the border to be on the sharp lookout now for Indians before they can commit their depredations, for they are certainly near you.

MINING.

Col. C. S. Clark and Prof. Tregidgo arrived a few weeks ago and have bonded the Promontorio copper mine, located near the Yaqui river, about 13 leagues to the southeast of Oposura. The gentlemen again left for Tombstone on the 25th ultimo. The Colonel has made hosts of friends in this region, and it is the fervent wish of the native population that he will permanently locate in our midst.

George G. Perkins, Esq., of the firm of G. D. Morrison & Co., of New York city, arrived last week in company with Col. Henderson, M. E., and L. Jackson, Esq. Mr. Perkins has had the good fortune to secure a very excellent group of mines located near this place. They comprise the "San Luis," "San Nicolas," "Pretia," and "San Pedro." This last mentioned mine was one of the most famous bullion producers under the old Spanish regime on the Pacific coast. The mine has been worked only superficially, from the fact that they never could keep the water it makes under control, and for this reason the mine exist yet almost in a virgin state. Mr. Perkins expects to obviate all trouble with water by the erection of modern machinery, which will soon be erected upon the mine. Its last Spanish owners were driven from the country during the war of independence by the Mexicans and were never permitted to return by the government after peace was established. After this it was worked by the Mexicans in their crude way, with fabulous returns, and was only abandoned on the breaking out of the Apaches in 1833, since which time the gambusinos completely gutted and despoiled its upper works. Many persons are yet living who worked in this mine, and they state that when it was abandoned the whole mine was left in ores that yielded from 20 to 100 marcos to the bulito, and that the vein in many parts was nearly three varas in width. When the mine is once opened and developed the writer of this predicts it will out-ride in wealth your now world-wide famous "Contention" mine. The other mines belonging to Mr. Perkins

are really excellent and will certainly become profitable bullion producers when once put into active operation. Cutler and Bestwick have progressed over their mines in Nacocari and San Juan.

The Messrs. Bickerton and Adams are energetically pushing to completion their tunnel on that mine, and will within a very short time cut the ledge. This is a very rich mine, but flooded. Only a few tons of its ores will certainly pay the gentlemen for all their time and money expended.

Active operations are going on at the "Palmetto" mine, in tunneling to cut the ledge, with every prospect of a successful termination. This mine is also a old mine with a good reputation, and was extensively worked by the Spaniards in the olden time. It is now the property of Capt. Simons and associates of San Francisco. The work is under the charge of Emilio Kosterlitzky of Cumpa.

At El Gavelan the Chicago company are pushing work on their mines in developing as vigorously as the time will permit at this ill-fated point. Mr. Burns is now superintendent, and under his wise and able management the machinery for the erection of the thirty-ton furnace is all on the ground and in course of erection. The mines of this company are pretty well developed, with plenty of high grade ore in sight and about four hundred on the dump. This camp in time will certainly become the Leadville of Sonora.

The "Union Village" copper mine, four leagues to the east of Nacocari, belonging to Messrs. Langstone, Cutler and Mesa, and which was bonded a short time since to Col. James and other parties at Tombstone, is now being fully developed by Mr. Daniels. A tunnel was run in to cut the vein at a depth of 180 feet, which was accomplished the other day and a very thick vein of high-grade copper ore was struck. This proves conclusively that the vein is a regular fissure, and that the ore goes down, which is very satisfactory to all parties interested. This property, by good development, can be made to rank among the first copper properties on the Pacific coast.

Active operations will soon be commenced by New York parties on the Desobridora and Colbriza mines, near San Juan.

TUCSON TOPICS.

From the Star and Citizen.

A murder was committed in Harshaw on the night of the 4th instant. A woman shot and killed a worthy citizen, who died the following day, and whose name our correspondent does not give.

The buildings of the gas company are rapidly nearing completion. The structure looks like business.

The Santa Catarina Copper company's machinery will soon be moved to the site where it is to be erected.

H. C. Hooker, the famous stock man of the Sierra Bonita ranch, thinks of opening a livery and sale stable in Tucson for the purpose of selling his surplus stock. This will be a good move by Mr. Hooker, and will be the means of introducing some fine stock into the city.

Thirty-four occupants in the county jail, nineteen of them awaiting the action of the grand jury.

Prof. John A. Church, superintendent of the Tombstone Mill and Mining company, is registered at the Cosmopolitan.

Near the mill-site of the Santa Catarina Copper company, and on the Midas, claim is a boulder, and as calculated by Mr. Marvin, weighing five tons. It gives an average of 45 per cent copper; it also carries a large per centage of gold and silver.

Dust to Dust.

The funeral of Joseph Wetzel took place yesterday afternoon, and a mound of mother Earth rises in the cemetery to mark his last resting place; but this is not all that marks it. It is a burning brand of shame upon some of the military officials of the territory. Of what use is the military to Arizona if they are to be kept in camps such as Huachuca, where there is no possible danger from Indians? Such a camp is well enough as a headquarters, but some of the troops from this camp and from Fort Bowie should be kept continually upon the scout. If this had been done it would have revealed the hiding place of the renegades that have been lurking in the old stronghold of Cochise, and have saved the life of Mr. Wetzel, as well as others, if the rumors current last night prove to be true, to the effect that three more bodies had been found in the Dragons. The following is the verdict of the coroner's jury on the body:

TERRITORY OF ARIZONA,

COUNTY OF COCHISE,

In the matter of the inquest on the body of Joseph Wetzel, deceased, we, the jury impeached by the coroner of Cochise county, to inquire whose body is submitted to our inspection, and when, where and under what circumstances he came to his death, after viewing the body and hearing such testimony as has been offered to us, find that the person was Joseph Wetzel, of the state of Missouri, and that he came to his death on the 3d day of February, 1882, by being murdered, as the jury believe, by hostile Apaches Indians, traveling north towards the San Carlos reservation, and we believe this, and all such occurrences that have been committed in this region, are due to the inefficiency of the United States military authorities stationed in this territory.

Signed: Ward Priest, G. W. Atkins, Mike Gray, A. F. Mitchell, John Wiggins, H. Fuller, C. F. Cutler, Frank Walker, Charles Frederick, Gof. Tribolet, S. M. Barrow, Geo. W. Parsons.

Mr. J. W. BALL, of St. Louis, is at the Cosmopolitan.

JOHN PRIEST, Esq., of Magdalena, is at the Cosmopolitan.

MESSRS. L. Jackson and George W. Perkins, of Sonora, are registered at Brown's.

THE CITY FATHERS.

Proceedings of the Common Council.

The council was called to order at 7 o'clock p. m., Mayor Carr in the chair; all members present; B. C. Quigley, clerk. The chairman of the committee on fire and water reported favorably in regard to allowing each of the fire companies a steward at salary of \$25 per month. The report was received.

The finance committee reported back the following bills, which were ordered paid: A. D. Otis & Co., \$14.05; Mr. Shearer, \$4; T. W. M. & L. Co., \$110; Arizona Iron Works, \$12.50; Arizona Iron Works, \$25; S. B. Chapin, \$40; Schoenfeld & Heyman, \$6.

Bill of S. B. Chapin for office rent, amounting to \$187.33, was laid on the table.

The following bill was referred to the finance committee: A. D. Otis & Co., \$366.99.

Ex-Chief of Police Flynn having made his official report, it was received and filed.

A motion to smoke was lost. The report of the committee which had been appointed to examine the books of the various city officers was received.

No action was taken in regard to the deficiency in the treasurer's accounts—the same having resulted from some fault of a former treasurer. The overpayment of dues into the city treasury by the recorder was also postponed.

Mr. Thomas moved the council be allowed to smoke. Mr. Atchison opposed; but it was carried, and that order was taken up.

On motion it was ordered that all policemen heretofore employed be paid. Mr. Atchison introduced an ordinance regulating the salaries of the city officers and the manner of their payment, directing an extended record of the council and city affairs to be kept by the clerk, and specifying the location of houses of infamy.

Mr. Neagle addressed the council and argued against the separating of the offices of chief of police and ex officio city license-tax collector.

Judge Wallace and Councilman Thomas opposed the ordinance. After a lengthy discussion and much consultation, it passed. Ayes—Atchison, Dean and Nash; noes—Thomas.

Mr. Atchison introduced an ordinance repealing section 65, chapter 17, of the code of city ordinances. Passed.

Ordered, That the city clerk be instructed to enter into correspondence with the party to whom the city is indebted for the purchase of a fire engine, and to ascertain on what terms the note could be paid.

On motion the clerk was authorized to publish proposals for printing for the present fiscal year, bids to be received at the regular meeting of Wednesday the 15th instant.

The mayor was authorized to purchase four pairs of blankets for the city prison.

The mayor appointed a committee, composed of Atchison and Nash, to confer with a committee of the fire department in relation to the present indebtedness of the fire department.

The motion of Mr. Nash, seconded by Atchison, that the stewards of the two fire companies be allowed \$25 a month each was passed by the following vote: Ayes—Atchison, Nash, Carr; noes—Dean and Thomas.

Adjourned at 11:30 p. m. to meet on Wednesday next.

The Smoky Council.

The city council had quite a little time in deciding whether they and all others present should have a right to smoke while they were in session.

During the first part of the meeting Messrs. Chapin and Flynn appeared in the council room smoking, and were ordered by the mayor to cease. A motion was made that the rules be suspended and smoking be allowed, but it was defeated. The mania to indulge, however, overcame the gentlemen, and Mr. Thomas again moved that the council be permitted to smoke. Mr. Dean seconded the motion. A vote was taken which was decided lost by the secretary, upon which a reconsideration was taken, and Messrs. Thomas and Dean voted aye, Mr. Atchison no, Nash remaining silent; whereupon the gallant mayor arose and voted no, the casting vote thus being left to Alderman Nash, who decided in favor of the smoking faction. Mr. Thomas asked that the motion be not spread on the minutes, but Mr. Atchison, in strong language objected, and argued that the motion just as put, "that we make a smoking room of the city hall," be properly noted in the minutes, and it was so ordered.

All restraint having been taken off, a general smoke, by reporters and all, was indulged in, until the mayor stated that the room was so filled with smoke he was all most ready to faint, and accordingly ordered that no more smoking be allowed in the council. The mayor and the secretary adjourned to the door so that their delicate lungs might be refreshed with pure air.

District Court.

W. H. STILLWELL, JUDGE.

The following business was transacted in the court on yesterday: Territory vs. Bottel & Lewis, continued to Feb. 9th, 9:30 a. m.

I. F. Burdick and A. P. Greenwood, indigent witnesses, were allowed \$40 for the first and \$10 for the second.

Baldridge vs. Clark; motion of defendant to vacate order of court commissioner denied.

O'Brien vs. Smith; motion of the defendant, that the sheriff be directed to pay over money heretofore levied on said sheriff under a writ of execution of the court in favor of said defendant, was denied, and levy released on motion.

Baldridge vs. Clark; defendant moved to dismiss; motion denied, and the motion for bond for costs also denied.

Hawkins, Boorman & Co. vs. Shaffer & Lord; motion and order to pay plaintiff's amount of judgment.

J. C. Fitzhenry vs. Shaffer & Lord; motion and order for sheriff to pay defendant the amount of judgment.

Lenormand vs. San Pedro M. Co., continued to Feb. 10th at 10 o'clock a. m.

J. S. Clark vs. Henry Fry; motion of plaintiff and order of foreclosure or mortgage.

Anna E. Lord vs. Shaffer & Lord; continued.

LOCAL SPANTERS.

A number of large loads of hay have been brought into town during the last few days.

The jury in the Claiborne case could not agree, and were discharged last evening.

Several teamsters, who have been handling wood from the Dragons, state that they intend to quit. The woodchoppers and graders on the Cochise pass road have come in.

Mr. CHAS. GLOVER has about completed a quite large, new, frame house, opposite his own residence on Fifth street.

In the police court, before Judge Wallace yesterday, Harry Lapeau, guilty of petty larceny, was sentenced to thirty days in the county jail.

PARTIES having packages to forward by Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express, will leave them at the express office by 11 o'clock a. m., as the receipts will close at that hour.

The eighth social of the Manhattan club took place last evening in Turn-Verein hall. It proved a very enjoyable affair, all present enjoying themselves thoroughly.

A VISIT to the Contact yesterday found Superintendent Todman and a force of men getting things in readiness to commence the active development of the mine. A natural road comes up within 500 yards of the shaft.

CAPT. HENSEN arrived in town from Sonora on yesterday and has taken apartments at the Cosmopolitan. The captain is in Tombstone to arrange for procuring machinery wanted at his mines in Mexico.

MR. ARCHIE McBRIDE and wife returned on yesterday from the East. While in St. Louis Mr. McBride purchased a complete outfit of elegant furniture for the Grand, which it is expected will arrive in a few days.

THE sale of property on the delinquent list was commenced yesterday, and proceeded with down to the letter "C." There being few bidders present and no interest manifested, most of the lots were knocked down to the territory of Arizona.

ONE week from this evening the grand ball of the Knights of Pythias will be held at Schieffelin hall. Members of the uniform rank are to appear in full dress uniform, and complete preparations are being made to render this one of the most brilliant gatherings of the kind.

THE session of the council last evening was quite stormy. The contest over the right to smoke created quite a breeze, but when the adoption of the new ordinance was reached the zephyr attained a hurricane force. The council, city attorney, recorder and chief of police all participated in the spirited and cutting discussion.

ALFRED FACKRELL, formerly an engineer running into San Francisco, but who has been engaged in mining and prospecting in this district and vicinity since May, 1880, died last evening at 7 o'clock from inflammation of the bowels. Mr. Fackrell was well and favorably known